Dear Family,

The DECA-I is one of the many tools we use to help us get to know your child over the course of the year. The DECA-I is a strength-based assessment of a child’s Initiative and Attachment/Relationships. Research shows these two strengths are a good foundation for long-term, social and emotional health and positive behavior. Below are the results of _______________’s DECA-I assessment

Completed by: ________________________________

**Initiative**

a child’s ability to use independent thoughts and actions to meet his or her own needs

- Needs support.
- Scored typical.
- This is a strength.

**Attachment/Relationships**

a child’s ability to promote and maintain mutual, positive connections with significant adults

- Needs support.
- Scored typical.
- This is a strength.

We will work together to continue to strengthen all of these areas and to increase positive behavior for school and life success.

Sincerely,

__________________________________

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Parents Make the Biggest Difference in Strengths for Living and Learning

The following strengths help a child to be more open to learning, enjoy interacting with others, and coping with difficulties in life.

INITIATIVE

This is the child’s ability to try new things and to do things for herself. You can see initiative grow very quickly at this age. You see it when your child does not want you to help even if she seems to need it. You see it when she does something she would not even try just yesterday.

Grown-ups can help build this strength by letting their child:

- try to do new things
- imitate actions of others
- keep trying when unsuccessful
- show interest in what others are doing

ATTACHMENT/RELATIONSHIPS

A child learns to promote and maintain mutual, positive connections with significant adults, thus fostering healthy bonds. This strength is also the key to how the child feels about herself. It opens her up to try new things and look to others for friendship or help.

Grown-ups can help build this strength when they:

- act happy with familiar adults
- show pleasure when interacting with adults
- accept comfort from a familiar adult
- smile at familiar adults
- act happy

For more tips on building these important skills, refer to Promoting Resilience For Now and Forever: A Family Guide for Supporting the Social and Emotional Development of Infants and Toddlers, Second Edition, or talk with your child’s teacher.